

# 1. Identification

This Safety Data Sheet is available in American Spanish upon request.Los Datos de Serguridad pueden obtenerse en Espanol si lo riquiere.

Product Name:	CDA Popcorn WB Spray Texture	Revision Date:	4/9/2024
Product UPC Number:	070798700253	Supercedes Date:	4/9/2024
Product Use/Class:	Spackling Compound	SDS No:	4902366
Manufactured For	DAP Global Inc. 2400 Boston Street Suite 200 Baltimore, MD 21224-4723 888-327-8477 (non - emergency matters) SDS Coordinator: MSDS@dap.com Emergency Telephone: 1-800-535-5053, 1-352-323-3500, 1-800-222-1222	Imported by:	DAP Canada 475 Finchdene Square Unit 5 Scarborough, Ontario M1X 1B7 888-327-8477 (non - emergency matters) SDS Coordinator: MSDS@dap.com Emergency Telephone: 1-800-535-5053, 1-352-323-3500

#### Preparer:

Regulatory and Environmental Affairs

# 2. Hazards Identification

## **GHS Classification**

Carc. 1A, Eye Irrit. 2A, FI Aer, 1, Gas under Pressure, Comp. Gas, Skin Irrit. 2, STOT RE 1

### Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word Danger

#### **Possible Hazards**

56% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute toxicity

#### **GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS**

Flammable Aerosol, category 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.	
Compressed Gas	H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.	
Skin Irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.	
Eye Irritation, category 2A	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Carcinogenicity, category 1A	H350	May cause cancer.	
STOT, repeated exposure, category 1	H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATE	EMENTS		
P201	Obtain spe	ecial instructions before use.	
P210	Keep awa smoking.	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.	
P211	Do not spi	ay on an open flame or other ignition source.	
P251	Do not pie	rce or burn, even after use.	
P260	Do not bre	athe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.	
P264	Wash thor	oughly after handling.	
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.		
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.		
P305+P351+P338		S: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
P308+P313	IF expose	d or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.	
P314	Get medic	al advice/attention if you feel unwell.	
P321	Specific tr	eatment (see on this label).	
P332+P313	lf skin irrita	ation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.	
P337+P313	If eye irrita	tion persists: Get medical advice/attention.	
P362	Take off c	ontaminated clothing.	
P405	Store lock	ed up.	
P410+P403	Protect fro	m sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.	
P410+P412	Protect fro	m sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/ 122°F.	
P501	Dispose o	f contents/container.	
GHS SDS PRECAUTIONARY STATEM	ENTS		

P270

Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

# 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

<u>Chemical Name</u>	CAS-No.	Wt. % GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Limestone	1317-65-3	10-30 GHS07-GHS08	H315-319-372
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	10-30 No Information	No Information
Calcium Carbonate	471-34-1	3-7 GHS07	H315-335
Clay	1332-58-7	1-5 GHS07-GHS08	H315-319-372
Texanol	25265-77-4	1-5 GHS06	H331
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	0.5-1.5 GHS07-GHS08	H335-351
Sodium nitrite	7632-00-0	0.1-1.0 GHS06-GHS08	H301-331-350
Respirable crytalline silica	14808-60-7	0.1-1.0 GHS07-GHS08	H332-350-370-372

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "Other information" Section.

### 4. First-aid Measures

**FIRST AID - INHALATION:** If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical attention immediately.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water for 15 minutes. Get medical aid if symptoms persist.

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes until irritation subsides. Get medical attention immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Get medical attention immediately.

### 5. Fire-fighting Measures

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** Containers may explode if exposed to extreme heat. Empty containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor). Vapor can ignite potentially causing an explosion.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Spray or Fog, Water

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### ENVIRONMENTAL MEASURES: No Information

**STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:** NOTE: Review fire hazards before proceeding with clean up. Immediately eliminate sources of ignition. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Prevent product from entering drains. Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Read all product instructions before using. Personal protective equipment should include impervious gloves, protective eye wear, and suitable work clothes. Scrape up dried material and place into containers.

### 7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN!DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. Remove all sources of ignition. Make sure nozzle is directed away from yourself prior to discharge. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Avoid heat, sparks and open flames. Wear appropriate personal protection. Avoid breathing vapor and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. Do not breathe dust. Removal of this product after use will result in the generation of Dust. If dry-sanded, exposure to dust may result in the build-up of material in eyes, ears, nose, and mouth which may cause irritation. Empty containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor). Vapor can ignite potentially causing an explosion. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**STORAGE:** Store away from sources of ignition and heat. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Avoid excessive heat and freezing. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not store at temperatures above 120 °F (49 °C). Store away from caustics and oxidizers. Keep containers tightly closed.

## 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Ingredients with Occupational Exposure Limits Chemical Name <u>ACGIH TLV-TWA</u> <u>ACGIH-TLV STEL</u> OSHA PEL-TWA <u>OSHA PEL-CEILING</u>						
Limestone	N.E.	N.E.	15 mg/m3 TWA to dust, 5 mg/m3 TW respirable fraction			
Dimethyl ether	N.E.	N.E.	N.Ė.	N.E.		
Calcium Carbonate	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.		
Clay	2 mg/m3 TWA particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter	N.E.	15 mg/m3 TWA to dust, 5 mg/m3 TW respirable fraction			
Texanol	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.		
Titanium dioxide	0.2 mg/m3 TWA nanoscale respirable particulate matter, 2.5 mg/m3 TWA finescale respirable particulate matter	N.E.	15 mg/m3 TWA to dust	taN.E.		

N.E.

N.E.

N.E. N.E. 0.025 mg/m3 TWA N.E. respirable particulate matter N.E. 50 μg/m3 TWA Respirable crystalline silica

Further Advice: MEL = Maximum Exposure Limit OES = Occupational Exposure Standard SUP = Supplier's Recommendation Sk = Skin Sensitizer N.E. = Not Established

#### Notes

14808-60-7 The 2002 ACGIH Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents lists the median Respirable Particulate Mass (RPM) point for crystalline silica at 4.0 microns in terms of the particle's aerodynamic diameter.

The TLVs for crystalline silica represent the respirable fraction.

OSHA PEL TWA for Quartz is calculated using the following formula: 10 mg/m3/(% SiO2 + 2). Both concentration and percent quartz for the application of this limit are to be determined from the fraction passing a size selector with the following characteristics.

Aerodynamic diameter ( unit density sphere )	Percent passing selec	or
2		
2.5		İ
3.5		i
5.0		
10		

14808-60-7 Crystalline ilica is a specially regulated substance for which an OSHA chemical-specific exposure standard exits. Detailed information regarding this substance may be found in 29 CFR 1910.1053. Medical surveillance information regarding this substance may be found in Appendix C to 29 CFR 1910.1053.

#### Personal Protection



**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required. If concentrations exceed the exposure limits specified, use of a NIOSH-approved supplied air respirator is recommended. Where the protection factor is exceeded, use of a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) may be necessary. Use an approved NIOSH/OSHA respirator if dry sanded. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) has recommended that the permissible exposure limit be changed to 50 micrograms respirable free silica per cubic meter of air (0.05 mg/m3) as determined by a full shift sample up to 10-hour work shift. A respiratory protection program that meets the OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.



SKIN PROTECTION: Wear protective gloves.



EYE PROTECTION: Goggles or safety glasses with side shields.



OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Not required under normal use.



HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Color: Odor: Density, g/cm3: Freeze Point, °C: Solubility in Water: Decomposition Temperature, °C: Boiling Range, °C: Minimum Flash Point, °C:

Evaporation Rate: Vapor Density: Combustible Dust: Slight 1.22 Not Established Not Established Not Established N.A. Aerosol, foam. Aerosol or foam, not applicable. Faster Than n-Butyl Acetate Heavier Than Air Does not support combustion Appearance: Physical State: Odor Threshold: pH: Viscosity (mPa.s): Partition Coeff., n-octanol/water: Explosive Limits, %: Auto-Ignition Temperature, °C Vapor Pressure, mmHg: Flash Method: Aerosol Aerosol Not Established Not Applicable Not Aplicable Not Established Not Established Not Established Not Applicable

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend) (If product is an aerosol, the flash point stated above is that of the propellant.)

White

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Do not burn or use a cutting torch on the empty container. Excessive heat or flames, incompatible substances. Excessive heat and freezing. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

**INCOMPATIBILITY:** Open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible with strong bases and oxidizing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Above 1450 degree C: SO2 and CaO.

### 11. Toxicological Information

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION:** Dust from dry sanding may cause eye, skin, nose, throat and respiratory tract irritation.

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT:** Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause mild irritation.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Direct eye contact may cause irritation.

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION:** Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Single dose oral toxicity is very low. Amounts ingested incidental to industrial handling are not likely to cause injury; however, ingestion of large amounts may cause injury. Ingestion may result in obstruction when material hardens.

#### CARCINOGENICITY: No Information

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite that is inhaled from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1carcinogenic to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (published in June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these materials. The National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies respirable crystalline silica as "known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (Group A2). Breathing dust containing respirable crystalline silica may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may have the following serious chronic health effects: Excessive inhalation of respirable dust can cause pneumoconiosis, a respiratory disease, which can result in delayed, progressive, disabling and sometimes fatal lung injury. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness and reduced pulmonary function. Smoking exacerbates this disease. Individuals with pneumoconiosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis. There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by fibrosis of the lungs, skin and other internal organs) and kidney disease. Prolonged or repeated inhalation of dust may cause lung damage. Constituents of this product include crystalline silica which, if inhalable, may cause silicosis, a form of progressive pulmonary fibrosis. Inhalable crystalline silica is listed by IARC as a group I carcinogen (lung) based on sufficient evidence in occupationally exposed humans and sufficient evidence in animals. Crystalline silica is also listed by the NTP as a known human carcinogen. Constituents may also contain asbestiform or non-asbestiform tremolite or other silicates as impurities, and above de minimus exposure to these impurities in inhalable form may be carcinogenic or cause other serious lung problems.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Skin Contact, Inhalation, Eye Contact

## Acute Toxicity Values

## The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below

<u>CAS-No.</u> 1317-65-3	Chemical Name Limestone	<u>Oral LD50</u> 6450 mg/kg Rat	Dermal LD50 N.I.	Vapor LC50 N.I.
115-10-6	Dimethyl ether	>2000 mg/kg	>2000 mg/kg	N.I.
471-34-1	Calcium Carbonate	6450 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rat	N.I.
1332-58-7	Clay	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>5000 mg/kg Rat	N.I.
25265-77-4	Texanol	6500 mg/kg Rat	>15200 mg/kg Rat	>3.55 mg/L Rat
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	>5000 mg/kg Rabbit	>20 mg/L
7632-00-0	Sodium nitrite	85 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	5.5 mg/L Rat
14808-60-7	Respirable crytalline silica	N.I.	N.I.	N.I.

N.I. = No Information

# 12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Ecological injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

# 13. Disposal Information

**DISPOSAL INFORMATION:** Residues and spilled material are hazardous waste due to ignitability. Contents under pressure. Dispose of material in accordance with all federal, state and local regulations. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not empty into drains. Do not re-use empty containers. The container for this product can present explosion or fire hazards, even when emptied. To avoid risk of injury, do not cut, puncture, or weld on or near this container. Before disposing of containers, relieve container of any remaining product and pressure. Empty cylinders, once relieved of all pressure, can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

**STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:** NOTE: Review fire hazards before proceeding with clean up. Immediately eliminate sources of ignition. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Prevent product from entering drains. Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Read all product instructions before using. Personal protective equipment should include impervious gloves, protective eye wear, and suitable work clothes. Scrape up dried material and place into containers.

# 14. Transport Information

SPECIAL TRANSPORT PRECAUTIONS: No Information

DOT UN/NA Number:	UN1950
DOT Proper Shipping Name: DOT Technical Name:	Aerosols, flammable N.A.
DOT Hazard Class:	2.1 Flammable gas
Hazard SubClass: Packing Group:	N.A. N.A.

# 15. Regulatory Information

## SARA SECTION 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

No Sara 313 components exist in this product.

### TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

16. Other Informati	on				
Revision Date:	4/9/202	24	Supersedes Date: 4/9/202	24	
Reason for revision:	Substa 09 - P 11 - To	Product Composition Changed Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s): 09 - Physical & Chemical Information 11 - Toxicological Information Revision Statement(s) Changed			
Datasheet produced by:	Regulatory Department				
HMIS Ratings:					
Health:	Flammability:	Reactivity:	Personal Protection:		
2*	4	0	х		
		VOC Less Wate	er Less Exempt Solvent, g/L:	399.0	
			VOC Material, g/L:	240	
	VOC as De	fined by California Consumer F	Product Regulation, Wt/Wt%:	17.20	
			VOC Actual, Wt/Wt%:	19.8	
Text for GHS Hazard S	tatements shown in Se	ection 3 describing each ingredi	ent:		

H301	То	xic if swallowed.
H315	Ca	uses skin irritation.
H319	Ca	uses serious eye irritation.
H331	То	xic if inhaled.
H332	Ha	rmful if inhaled.
H335	Ma	y cause respiratory irritation.
H350	Ma	y cause cancer.
H351	Su	spected of causing cancer.
H370	and bio	uses damage to organs . Classified Category 1 Substances that produced significant toxicity in humans d evidence to produce significant toxicity with single exposure. Cell death, adverse change in chemistry, haematology or urinalysis parameters, Central or peripheral nervous system and effects needs. multifocal or diffuse necrosis, fibrosis or granuloma formation in organs.
H372	Ca	uses damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:



Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

We believe the data and statements contained herein are accurate as of the date hereof. They are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE WITH REGARD TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS. Since this document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate use and precautionary handling of the referenced product by a properly trained person, it is therefore the responsibility of the user to (i) review the recommendations with due consideration for the specific context of the intended use and (ii) determine if they are appropriate.